



14th NATIONAL BOSCOREE

December 29, 2022 - January 03, 2023
Assam Don Bosco University, Tapesia Gardens, Guwahati



JANUARY 2022 | Issue:1

INTRODUCTION

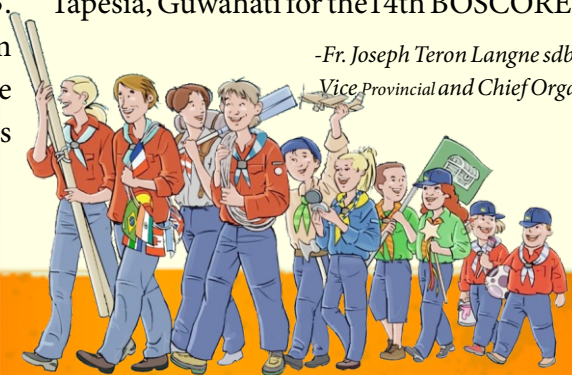
BOSCOREE! The very word conjures sentiments of happiness, excitement, anticipation, thrill and joy in the hearts of all those who proudly form part of the Worldwide Movement of Scouting in Don Bosco institutions all over India. It offers a wonderful opportunity for all young scouts and guides to experience adventure, service and to celebrate unity in diversity with the spirit of fellowship in an atmosphere of learning, loving and companionship with one goal in mind to be agents of a better India and a better world the beauty and very hallmark of every BOSCOREE.

The 14th BOSCOREE under the theme “Save our Planet Home” will be held in Assam Don Bosco University, Tapesia Gardens, Guwahati the first and only Salesian University from December 29, 2022 to January 02, 2023. Around 4000 boy scouts and girl guides from 11 Salesian Provinces of India including the FMA, MSMHC, SMI and VSDB institutions will participate in this mega event.

The celebration of BOSCOREE this year will coincide with the Centenary Celebration (1922 – 2022) of the Salesian presence in North East India. The first batch of Salesians arrived in North East India in 1922 at Guwahati, Assam. Guwahati, the capital city of Assam had India's first formal Don Bosco School in 1926. The Assam Missions Centenary Celebration in 2022 and BOSCOREE 2022 at Tapesia, Guwahati will be one way of celebrating this milestone.

The organizing team and Guwahati Province is looking forward to welcoming the congregation of young scouts and guides together with the rovers and rangers, in company with their Scout Masters and Guide Captains to the natural lush green eco-friendly campus of Assam Don Bosco University at Tapesia, Guwahati for the 14th BOSCOREE.

*-Fr. Joseph Teron Langne sdb
Vice Provincial and Chief Organizer*



CONTENTS:

1. Introduction
2. Convocation Letter
3. Logo and Theme of 14th Boscoree
4. Main Officials of 14th National Boscoree 2022-23
5. Important Information For 14th National Boscoree 2022-23
6. About ADBU – Venue of the 14th Boscoree
5. History of Boscoree in India & Historical Flashback
6. The Creator of the Scout Movement
7. Glimpse of Northeast India
8. Assam at a Glance

THE SALESIAN PROVINCIAL

Province of Mary Help of Christians, Guwahati, Assam, India



19.11.2021

To
The Major Superior of Salesian Family
The Salesian Provincials
India.



Fr Januarius S Sangma sdb
Provincial

My dear Major Superiors, Provincials, Fathers, Brothers, Sisters and Friends,

Cordial greetings from the Province of Guwahati!

The Boscoree, held at Nashik, Province of Bombay, saw a mega assembly of Don Bosco Scouts and Guides and those of the Salesian Family. One can only imagine the amount of good such assembly and animation might have done for the young minds towards healthy life and character formation. At its conclusion, the lot to host the next Boscoree fell on the Province of Guwahati and it was welcomed with much enthusiasm and loud applause. Since then the process of thinking and planning took off on a serious note. Everyone in the Province is excited and is looking forward to welcome and offer the best of experiences to all who would participate in it.

Through this note, I wish to convoke the next Boscoree to be held from 29th December 2022 to 2nd January 2023, in the sprawling lap of nature where the only University of Salesian India proudly stands: which is none other than Assam Don Bosco University, Tapesia Gardens, Guwahati. The Assam Missions celebrates its Centenary in 2022 and Boscoree at Tapesia will be one way of celebrating this milestone.

We warmly welcome you all to Guwahati – the gateway to North East India. North East India beckons you to its rich natural biodiversity, myriads of cultures and colourful tribes, blending into a wonderful unity, combined with its warm hospitality, generosity, simplicity and cheerfulness.

From now on, we want to keep the ball rolling to prepare every scout and guide to gear himself/herself up for this youthful assembly and memorable experience. The animation materials will go out from the office of the Chief Organizer and the Camp Chief to the Youth Ministry Delegates and the Delegates of Social Experience who in turn will disseminate the information to the individual scouts and guides through their respective patrol leaders and guide captains.

The Province is glad to nominate its Vice Provincial, Fr Joseph Teron Langne as the Chief Organiser and Fr Dennis Solomon Joseph as the Camp Chief. Henceforth the



organizing committee, under their guidance and supervision, will start sending you regularly all the information and other Boscoree related materials to prepare you for this once-in-life event for many. May I kindly request all those persons concerned to facilitate the animation material to reach every scout and guide, and thus to prepare themselves to participate in the mega-event and all the competitions.

Thanking you,

Yours in Don Bosco,



Fr Januarius S Sangma, SDB
Provincial of Guwahati



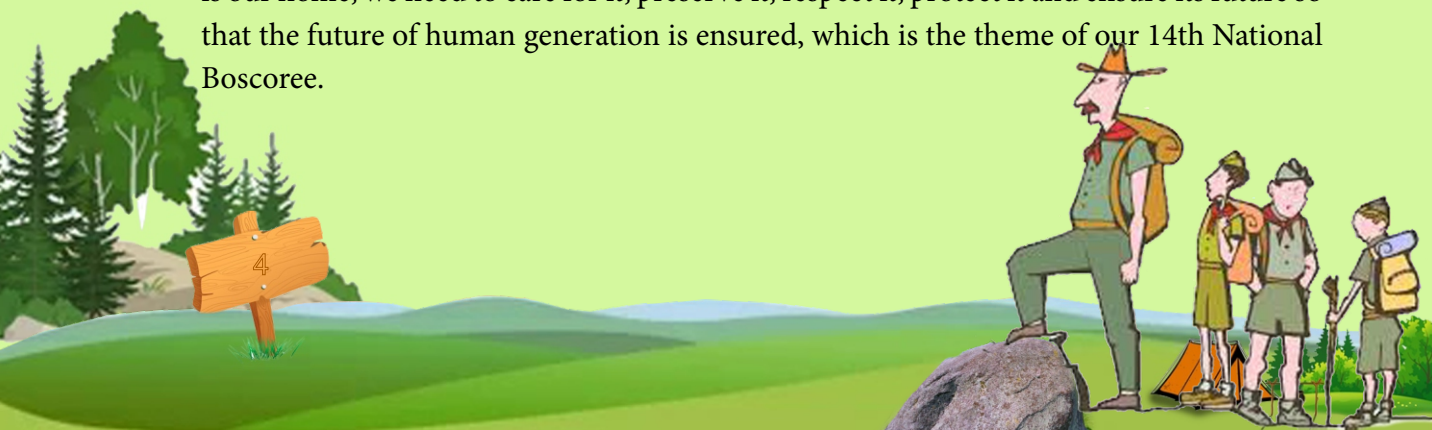
Provincial House, Don Bosco
Panbazar, Guwahati – 781 001
Assam, India
☎ : (+91) 9436308357; 9365470628
✉ : ingprovincial@gmail.com





LOGO OF THE 14TH NATIONAL BOSCOREE 2022-23 THEME : SAVE OUR PLANET HOME

- The above is the logo of the 14th National Boscoree 2022-23
- The Inscription "14th NATIONAL BOSCOREE" describes that this Boscoree is the 14th edition.
- The word "Guwahati" and the figures "2022-23" tell us that the 14th National Boscoree takes place in Guwahati Province and in the year 2022-23.
- Baden Powell as the Founder of Scouting and Guiding, Don Bosco, the Founder of Salesian Congregation, who practically in a big way promoted Scouting and Guiding in the Salesian world.
- The globe with hills, trees, stone and sky represent the planet earth that needs our care.
- The Scout Emblem and the Reef Knot that encircle the whole Boscoree Logo and the planet earth represent the world of Scout Movement and its undertaking to take care of the earth and save it and make it a home where human beings and other living being find the place to live peacefully.
- The words "PLANET" and "HOME" point to the fact that this earth is our home where we are born, grow up, and live our lives to the full. It's our first and only home that sustains our life and growth. There is nowhere else where human beings can survive. This planet earth is our home, we need to care for it, preserve it, respect it, protect it and ensure its future so that the future of human generation is ensured, which is the theme of our 14th National Boscoree.





MAIN OFFICIALS OF 14th NATIONAL BOSCOREE 2022-23

1. **Fr. Januarius S Sangma sdb**
- *Provincial, Patron*
2. **Fr. Joseph Teron Langne sdb**
- *Chief Organizer*
3. **Fr. Benny P. Basil sdb**
- *Financial Adviser*
4. **Fr. Sebastian Kuricheal sdb**
- *Financial Administrator*
5. **Fr. Solomon Dennis sdb**
- *Camp Chief*
6. **Mr. A. R. Lazar**
- *Asst. Camp Chief*

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR 14th NATIONAL BOSCOREE 2022-23

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| 1. December 29, 2022 | Arrival and Registration |
| 2. December 30, 2022 | Inauguration of 14th NATIONAL BOSCOREE |
| 3. January 03, 2023 | Valedictory Function |
| 4. January 03, 2023 | Departure after lunch |

Venue of 14th BOSCOREE 2022-2023

Assam Don Bosco University, Tapesia Gardens, Guwahati

WhatsApp
& Telegram Number: +91 8435966969
YouTube: 14thnationalboscoree
Website: <http://boscoree2022.in>

Email ID: 14thnationalboscoree@gmail.com
Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/profile.php?id=100075268332241>
Instagram: [14th_nationalboscoree_ghy](https://www.instagram.com/14th_nationalboscoree_ghy)



A FEW WORDS FROM THE VICE CHANCELLOR

It is with great pleasure that I welcome you to the Tapesia Campus of Don Bosco University, Guwahati, which will be hosting Boscoree 2022, to be held in December this year!

Away from the busy city life and the almost never-ending sounds of the honking cars our Tapesia Campus, nestled in a serene Tapesia Tea Garden, will welcome you with the chirping of the birds in the morning sun. This Campus, which has been developed as an uplifting confluence of natural beauty, off National Highway 37, spread over 270 acres of undulating hills, is a natural habitat of exquisite flora and fauna. A perfect place for those who long for a quiet life where one can rediscover oneself.

If you are someone looking for a peaceful environment to meditate and reach out to your soul while a fresh breeze brushes your hair, this is the place for you. If you are someone looking for an adventure, bring your trekking boots – we have endless trekking trails you can follow and the Campus waits for you to explore and discover things you've never seen nor experienced! If you are lucky, you may even chance upon a deer feeding by the stream or wild elephants bathing in one of our lakes!

Building a campus like this has been a journey replete with joy, sleepless nights, scouting for resources from all possible sources and making sure that things we have built here are functioning the way we dreamed of, has been a daily challenge. But, what would life be like if there are no challenges and everything we take on is a cakewalk? That would be no life at all!



Fr. (Dr) Stephen Mavelly sdb
Vice Chancellor



As we live in a digital world, so connected by social media, young adults have challenges our generation never faced. You live in a world where the number of Instagram likes or Facebook likes you get make your day. “I am depressed” is a very common phrase that we hear these days among young adults and I used to wonder ‘why’.

Lao Tzu, a Chinese Philosopher said, “If you are depressed you are living in the past; if you are anxious, you are living in the future; if you are at peace, you are living in the present.” So, let me invite you to live in the present. The past is beyond your control no matter how much you want to change it; so, the only thing you can do is to accept it. Acceptance of the past is the first step of moving forward in life. Do not worry so much about how things may be and how and life may turn out to be in the future; take care of the present which is under your control and the future will take care of itself!

We look forward to having you on Tapesia Campus of Don Bosco University and , here I am wishing the organizers and the participants a wonderful Boscoree!

God bless you and guide you at every step you take!

Fr. (Dr) Stephen Mavelly

Vice Chancellor

VENUE FOR

14th NATIONAL BOSCOREE 2022-23

Assam Don Bosco University

Tapesia Gardens, Guwahati



HISTORY OF BOSCOREE IN INDIA

The first-ever Don Bosco Scout Troop was started by the Salesian Priests in 1944, as part of Don Bosco Oratory and Youth Centre, Broadway, Chennai. Six years later, in 1950, the Irish missionary Fr Sean McFerran, who was popularly known as “the Sporting Padre”, opened another Scout Unit at Don Bosco School, Matunga, Mumbai. Gradually, numerous Don Bosco Scout troops sprang up as part of Don Bosco Schools across the country. Soon enough the schools run by Auxilium Sisters, part of the Don Bosco Family, with their girl guides too joined the bandwagon, infusing more life, energy and spirit to the initiative. Within a few years, the new initiative evolved into what came to be known as the Don Bosco Scouts and Guides Movement. In 1966, a gathering of the Don Bosco Scouts and Guides was organised at Kovalam on the shore of the Arabian Sea.

Gradually this idea gathered steam and in 1974, first national gathering for Scouts and Guides from Don Bosco schools was held at Doddaballapur on the outskirts of Bangalore, Karnataka by the students of the theology of Kristu Jyothi College, Bangalore, The gathering was called the ‘All India Scout Camp’ under the theme ‘To Love’. Only 199 scouts and guides participated from Manipur, Shillong, Kolkata and Mumbai.

In 1976 the Scout Troop in Don Bosco Matunga celebrated the silver jubilee of its foundation. To solemnize this milestone they chose to convene the second national gathering of Don Bosco Scouts and Guides. The theme was ‘To Share’. There were about 400 participants including a guest troop from Don Bosco Tehran. It was here that the gathering was called BOSCOREE for the first time. BOSCOREE is a hybrid term between BOSCO and JAMBOREE (a word used by Lord Baden Powel) coined to mean that we are all here united under the BOSCO scouting banner. Each BOSCOREE has its special theme and logo. At the end of the camp it was the unanimous opinion from



the Salesians attending the gathering that the provinces take up the organization of the Boscoree.

And in 1979 the third Boscoree was organised in Shillong by the Guwahati Province. This was the first time that the Boscoree was organized by a province. It was during this event for the first time the Boscoree Magazine with all the details of the camp was sent to all the Salesian institutions who had registered for the camp. Its theme was 'To Serve'. There were about 800 participants and it was encouraging to the number of participants rise but at the same time it was alarming to see the expenses rise too. The overall expenses in fact, played on the minds of the provincials and their provinces and they were reluctant to take up the next Boscoree. So for the next nine years no such gathering was held on the national level in Salesian India.

In the year 1988, the death centenary of Don Bosco, Don Bosco Youth Animation Centre India (DBYA India) came into existence and the Boscoree got a new lease of life when DBYA stated BOSCOREE as one of its main programmes at the DB 88 celebrations. The province of Bangalore volunteered to organize this mega event. Thus the fourth BOSCOREE after a gap of nine years was organized once more at Doddaballapur. The theme was 'To Renew'. This time there were about 600 participants.

Since the fourth BOSCOREE in 1988, every three years BOSCOREE has been held in different Salesian provinces in India. The thirteenth BOSCOREE held in 2018 at Nashik, Mumbai Province there was 4564 participants, the highest number of participants so far.

Historical Flashback of National Boscorees

Thirteen Boscorees have been conducted from 1974 to 2018 in different Salesian Provinces of India

No	Year	Place	Organizers	Theme	Number
1	1974	Doddaballapur, Karnataka	Few clerics from KJC, Bangalore	To Love	200
2	1976	Mumbai, Maharashtra	The Scout troop in Matunga	To Share	400
3	1979	Shillong, Meghalaya	Province of Guwahati	To Serve	800
4	1988	Doddaballapur, Karnataka	Province of Bangalore	To Renew	600
5	1991	Chennai, Tamil Nadu	Province of Madras	National Integration Unite and Serve	688
6	1994	Liluah, Calcutta, West Bengal	Province of Calcutta	Care and Share	1000
7	1997	Sulcorna, Goa	Province of Mumbai	Scouting for Freedom	2000
8	2000	Shillong, Meghalaya	Province of Guwahati	Learning to Love and Work Together	3000
9	2003	Mannuthi, Kerala	Province of Bangalore	Together with a vision towards transformation	3500
10	2006	Chennai, Tamil Nadu	Province of Madras	Harmony with Creator and Creation	3500
11	2010	Dimapur, Nagaland	Province of Dimapur	Peace on Earth	1800
12	2014	Thanjavur, Tamil Nadu	Province of Tiruchy	Heal the World	4000
13	2018	Nashik, Maharashtra	Province of Mumbai	Health-Harmony-Holiness	4564



THE CREATOR OF THE SCOUT MOVEMENT

ROBERT BADEN-POWELL

On February 22, 1857, Robert Baden-Powell was born in London as Robert Stephen son Smyth Powell in his parents' home. His father, Professor H.G. Baden Powell, was a vicar and a natural science professor. His mother, Henrietta Smyth, was Professor Baden Powell's third marriage. The couple had seven live children together, with Robert being the fifth, and they also raised three children from the vicar's previous marriage. Baden Powell's father died shortly after his final child was born, when Robert was just three years old. In 1869, Henrietta altered the family name to Baden—Powell in honor of her late husband.

Mrs. Baden-Powell taught her children to appreciate nature. She educated children about flora and animals on lengthy hikes around the countryside. They were also permitted to read from their father's natural history library. The official schooling of Baden-Powell began in a school in Kensington Square. The school relocated to Godalming in 1872, which was encircled by "The Copse", a wooded area. Baden-Powell's was shaped by his experiences in the forest. He was not a standout student in academics or athletics as a student. He was mostly into the outdoors and the theatre.

By 1876, Baden Powell had to choose a professional choice. He was refused admission to Oxford's Balliol College, where



his two elder brothers had attended. Baden-Powell opted to take part in an open test for an army commission without much deliberation. He finished second in cavalry and fourth in infantry out of 700 persons who sat the exam. On September 11, 1876, Baden-Powell was commissioned as a sub-lieutenant in the 13th Hussars. He joined his unit in Bombay, India, on December 6, the same year.

Baden Powell was serious about his new career and succeeded in the military. His unit returned to England for two years in 1884. During this time, he wrote a book called *Reconnaissance and Scouting*. He also worked as an asp, travelling to Germany, Austria, and Russia to learn about the newest technology and technological breakthroughs. General Henry Smyth, Baden Powell's uncle, was appointed governor and commander-in-chief of South



Africa in 1887. He invited his nephew to join his team. Baden Powell took part in numerous non-combative operations with the Zulu and was promoted to brevet-major as a result. In 1889, General Sir Henry Smyth was appointed governor and commander-in-chief of Malta, and he once again included his nephew on his staff. Baden Powell, on the other hand, was impatient.

Based on his adventures with the Ashanti, Baden Powell authored his next book, *Pigs ticking or Hog Hunting*, on boar hunting, and subsequently published his experiences in *The Matabele Campaign*. According to Baden Powell, adventure was a critical learning experience in the techniques of scouting.

Baden Powell spent most of his time after returning from Africa instructing troops in tracking and surveillance procedures. In 1899, he wrote *Aids to Scouting*, which was aimed at the military but piqued the public's attention. He discovered that this military training booklet was a best-seller that was being used by schools and youth organizations. When Baden Powell realized this, he decided to revise *Aids to Scouting* for a younger audience. In the same year, the British Army's commander-in-chief dispatched Baden Powell back to South

Africa to cope with an impending conflict between the British and the Boers.

The Boer War was a brutal conflict between English-speaking and Afrikaans-speaking whites over control of South Africa's natural resources. The Boers besieged Baden Powell and Mafeking, a tiny town roughly 175 miles west of Johannesburg. Baden Powell held out against 7,000 Boers for 217 days. Some thought this to be the British's first true triumph over the Boers, and Baden-Powell was hailed as a hero.

Mafeking was a pivotal event for Baden Powell in two ways. First, he finally got to see genuine military action, something he had long coveted. The event also provided him with the respect of the military that he desired, as well as recognition as a leader. Because of his achievement in this operation, he was elevated to the rank of major general. Second, Mafeking was the birthplace of Baden Powell's concept of boy scouts. During the siege, a Cadet Corps of boys under fighting age was utilized to keep guard, carry messages, aid in hospitals, and so on, releasing the men for military action. Baden Powell was sufficiently pleased by their bravery and the calmness with which they carried out their duties to hire them afterwards.



Baden Powell first met Olave Soames in January 1912. She was 23 years old, he was 55, and they both had the same birthdate on February 22nd. They married in September of the same year, generating quite a stir in the media due to Baden Powell's celebrity. On October 31, 1912, they wed in secret. The Baden-Powell's had one son and two daughters.

Baden Powell founded the Wolf Cubs for young boys aged 9 to 12 in 1914. During World War I, he wrote numerous novels, including Quick Training for War, The Adventures of a Spy, Young Knights of the Empire, and The Wolf Cub's Handbook. After the war, he founded the Rover Scouts, a third organization of scouts for older lads (over the age of 16). In 1920, Baden Powell arranged the first International Jamboree in London, where he was named Chief Scout of the World. He was named a Baron in 1929 and is still known as Baden-Powell of Gilwell. By 1922, there were over a million scouts in 32 nations.

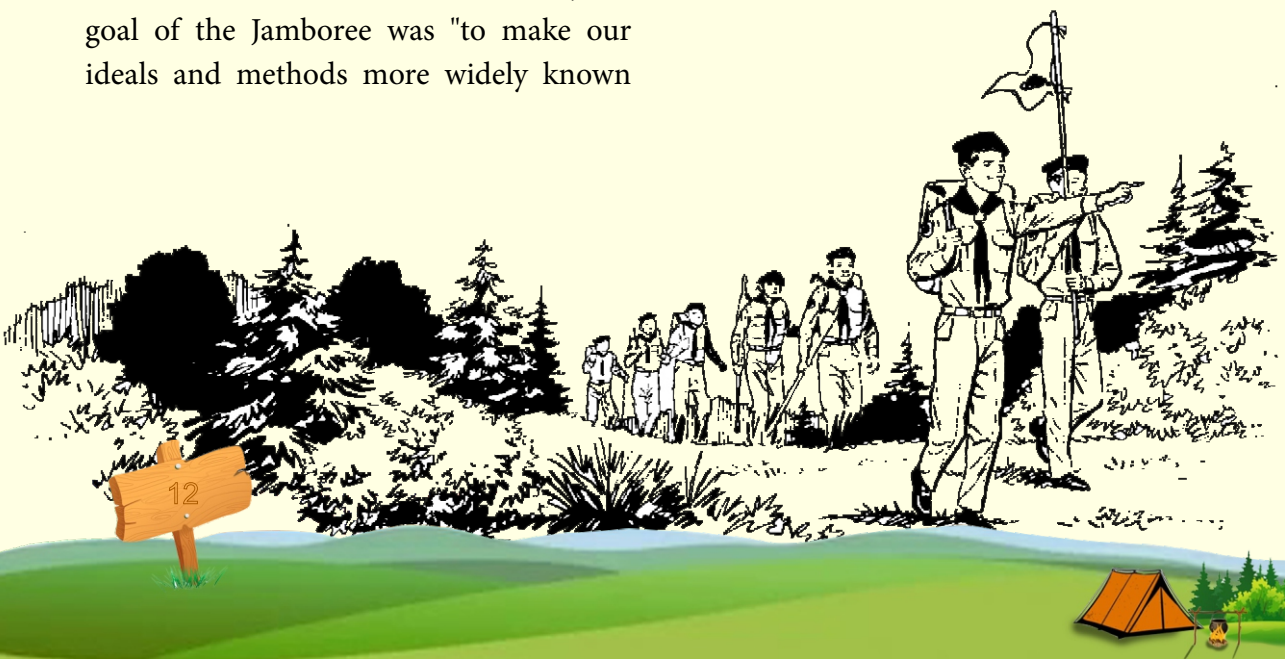
To commemorate Scouting's tenth anniversary, he planned a unique celebration. According to Tim Jeal in his book Baden Powell: the Chief Scout, the goal of the Jamboree was "to make our ideals and methods more widely known

abroad; to promote the spirit of brotherhood among the rising generation throughout the world, thereby giving the spirit that is required to make the League of Nations a living force."

Baden Powell withdrew from public Scouting activity during the fifth World Scout Jamboree in 1937. Scouts continue to celebrate Founder's Day on February 22, the joint birthday of Robert and Olave Baden-Powell.

In his later years, Baden Powell travel and supported the cause. Throughout his life, he published works such as Birds and Beasts of Africa (1938), Paddle Your Own Canoe (1939), and More Sketches of Kenya (1940). In 1939, Baden Powell relocated to Nyeri, Kenya, to a home he had commissioned. He died on January 8, 1994, and was laid to rest in Nyeri, overlooking Mount Kenya. His tombstone features the trail sign for "I have gone home," a circle with a dot in the center. Baden Powell's tomb has been designated as a national monument in Kenya.

The popularity of the Scout Movement across the world is Baden-legacy. Powell's Scouting has grown in popularity. However, by the year 2000, there were over 25 million subscribers from over 216 countries.





GLIMPSE OF NORTH EAST INDIA

Northeast India is the easternmost region of the country representing both a geographical and political administrative division of India. Northeast India is famous for its various attractions like the only floating national park in the world, the rainiest place in the world, the cleanest village in Asia, largest market in Asia run by women, with pleasant weather throughout the year, dowry free region in India, along with Sikkim the first state to adopt complete organic farming in the world among other fascinating wonders.

The region comprises of eight states – Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura.

Untouched Natural Beauty: There are national parks, forests, greenery, exotic flora and fauna, lakes, rivers, waterfalls, panoramic landscapes of hills, mountains, valleys and fields.

Different Cultures: There are over 200 tribes with 220 dialects and languages in the entire Northeast. Each tribe has its own attire,

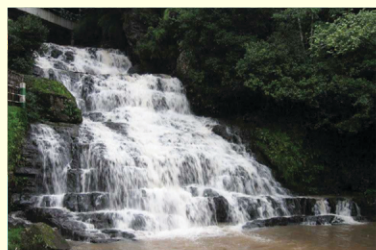


customary and cultural practices, architecture as seen in the huts and houses they live in, cuisine, drinks and rituals. The food is largely rice based and vegetarian food is limited. But every region and tribe has its own recipes so it is difficult to generalize the northeastern food. Every state has its own specialty such as rice beer and smoked pork from Nagaland or the Fish Tenga from Assam.

Festivals: The northeast is the land of festivals and celebrations during the various

parts of the year which is unique to its host state for example; The Hornbill Festival in Nagaland, Saga Dawa in Sikkim, Ziro and Dree Festivals in Arunachal Pradesh and Bihu and Karbi Youth Festival in Assam are some of the most popular ones.

Arts and Handicrafts: Bamboo, hand-spun thread and earthen materials are mostly used in handicrafts. Uncommon pickles, bamboo articles and wood carved souvenirs displaying traditional skills passed on only in families, make for great takeaways.



Elephant fall, Shillong



Tawang, Arunachal



Tawang Monastery, Arunachal



Dawki, Meghalaya



Hornbill festival, Nagaland



Umium Lake, Shillong



Karbi Youth Festival, Taralungso



Kohima war cemetery, Nagaland



Living root bridge, Shillong





ASSAM AT A GLANCE

Assam is one of the most picturesque states of Northeast India with its lush green tea gardens, mystic hills, wildlife, natural beauty, unique flora and fauna, holy shrines, sparkling rivers, vibrant and colourful festivals. It is one of the oldest state of Northeast India, the land of red river and blue hills is the gateway to the sister states. Assam shares its border with Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Tripura, Mizoram and West Bengal leading to the capital cities. Assam also shares its international borders with Bhutan and Bangladesh and it is very close to Myanmar. Assam is India's gateway to the Northeast and acts as a vital link for trade with Southeast Asian countries. It is well connected by rail, road, ports, and airports

Assam takes pride in its famous Assam Tea and Assam Silk. The state was the first site for

oil drilling in Assam. The state is home to the one-horned Indian rhinoceros, along with the wild water buffalo, pygmy hog, tiger and various species of Asiatic birds, and provides one of the last wild habitats for the Asian elephant.

Guwahati, the capital city of Assam is one of the largest cities in the region situated between the southern bank of mighty Brahmaputra River surrounded by hillocks and foothills of Shillong plateau. The city and its surrounding areas are rich in wildlife and wetlands. Kaziranga National Park famous for its one-horned Indian rhinoceros is 214 km away. Pobitora Wildlife Sanctuary which is only 50.1 km away from Guwahati city, Chakrashila Wildlife Sanctuary and Manas National Park closer to Bhutan border is also worth a visit.

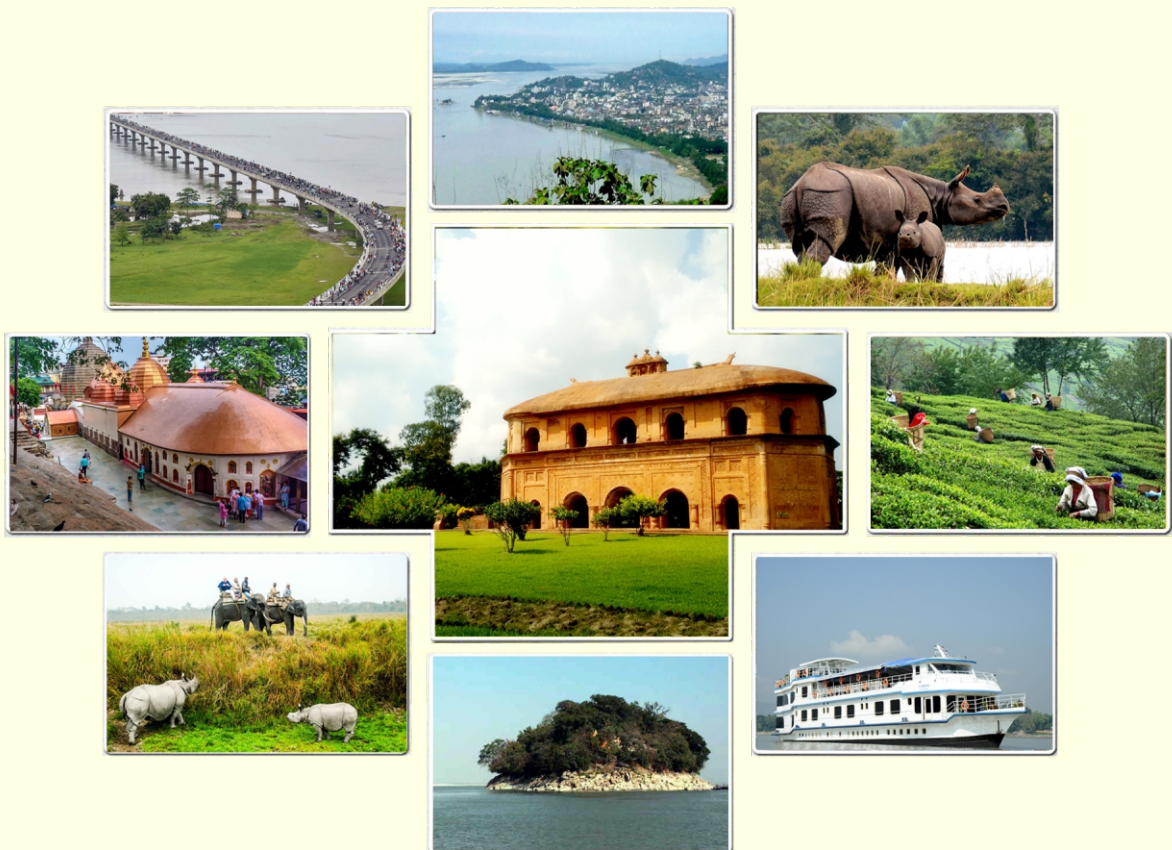


As the second largest commercial tea production region in the world after China, Guwahati is an important tea trading center. The Guwahati Tea Auction Center (GTAC) is among the busiest tea trading facilities in the world.

Guwahati is among the 100 fastest growing cities of the world and the fifth fastest growing among Indian cities. It is a major commercial center of eastern India as well as a major educational hub of Northeast India. Among the esteemed institutions is the Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati (IIT), an autonomous institute dedicated in the field of technical studies in India. Cotton University, erstwhile Cotton

College is yet another century-old institution in the fields of Science and Arts.

The Saraighat Bridge on river Brahmaputra, a rail- road bridge is one of the important infrastructural assets of Guwahati. You can travel to Assam with ease as there are direct train services from all the major cities across the country. The metropolitan city is very well connected with its adjoining cities, towns and other states of the country through air, railways and bus services. Lokapriya Gopinath Bordoloi International Airport is the nearest airport which is only 25 km away from Guwahati city.



DON BOSCO PROVINCIAL HOUSE
Ananda Ram Baruah Road, Pan Bazaar
Guwahati, Assam - 781001
India

EDITORIALS

Chief Editor : Fr. Joseph Teron Langne sdb

Editorial Members:

Fr. Solomon Dennis sdb

Fr. Robert Lalfakzuala sdb

Mr. A. R. Lazar

Ms. Regina Bara Sereng

Mr. Romeson Marak

Layout and Design : Mr. Birkhang Narzary